

Research Project Impact Case Study

Rapid point-of-use testing for infectious diseases in the community

Short Research Title

Rapid testing for infectious diseases in the community

Key researchers Craig Billington¹, Rachel Fleming², Erasmus Smit^{1,3}, Heidi Baker² and Richard Dean⁴

¹Health Security Group, ESR, Christchurch, New Zealand
²Forensics Group, ESR, Auckland, New Zealand
³ Virology and Immunology Department, LabPLUS, Auckland City Hospital, Te Whatu Ora Te Toka Tumai Auckland, New Zealand
⁴Data Science, ESR, Kenepuru, New Zealand

SSIF Areas of research impact.

Please indicate with an X which statement in each row best describes your project.

Impact area	No impact expected	Future impact possible	On pathway for future impact	On pathway for actual impact achieved by end of project	Actual impact achieved
Value extraction from existing science					
Improvements in public policy advice	Х				
Economic impact					
New/improved products and services		х			
Reduced operating costs or commercial risk		х			
New job opportunities.		х			
Improved business and industrial processes		х			
Environmental impact					
Reduced or mitigated environmental impact	Х				
Reduced or mitigated environmental risk	Х				
Improved condition of an environmental asset	Х				
Better understanding of the environment, and characterisation and management of natural capital	х				
Health & Wellbeing impact					
Improved population health and health status for disadvantaged groups			х		
Reduction in health maintenance costs			х		
Early detection and mitigation of health risks			х		
Improved wellbeing through development of human and social capital, and removal of institutional barriers			х		
Social impact	1		•	•	•
Increased knowledge and interest in science			х		
Understanding of and resilience to real or perceived communal risk			х		
Stronger social and infrastructure systems and improved techniques for delivery of public services			Х		
Vision Mātauranga	1		•	•	•
Indigenous innovation: economic growth through distinctive R&D.		х			
Taiao: Sustainability through iwi and hapu relationships with land and sea	х		_		
Hauora/Oranga: improved health and social wellbeing			х		
Mātauranga – explore indigenous knowledge for science and innovation	х				

Te Niwha Research Project - Impact Case Study

Introduction

Rapid point-of-use (POU) diagnostics are changing the landscape of laboratory testing for infectious diseases. There are clear opportunities for rapid POU testing to reduce inequity and empower communities to take control of their own health by having results delivered in less than one hour, on-site, and with minimal equipment requirements. Our team has expertise in developing POU tests for infectious diseases. In this project, we are taking a fresh approach by integrating community engagement and involvement from the ground up in developing new POU tests. With the assistance of Te Niwha, we have partnered with two iwi-owned community health providers, Turanga Health in Tairāwhiti Gisborne and Ngā Miro Health in Ngāruawāhia, and their communities to undertake this project. We are working with these communities to understand their priorities for assay development (i.e. the target diseases) and methods for deployment (e.g. in clinics, marae, trucks), with their regular input into assay design, prototyping and eventual testing in community settings.

This project responds to the Te Niwha mission by building research capability for Aotearoa New Zealand in the area of POU diagnostics for serious infectious disease threats. COVID-19 has taught us that there are significant inequities in access to healthcare which may as a result of cultural, economic or geographic factors (or all three). By shifting the diagnosis of diseases from the laboratory or hospital to on-site testing in communities, this allows individuals to take control of their own health and environmental resources and better prepares the whole of Aotearoa to monitor and respond to future serious infectious disease threats. We will help deliver this improved response capability by training emerging scientists, incorporating multiple science disciplines, clinicians and Māori, leveraging local and international expertise and, importantly, involving communities in the creation of rapid diagnostic solutions which are optimal for our local conditions and needs.

Results

We are currently mid-way through this project. We have worked with our community partners and selected two of their priority POU tests for development. These tests are for Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) and Group A Streptococci (Rheumatic fever is an autoimmune disease associated with this bacteria). Both RSV and Rheumatic fever are more prevalent in Māori, Pacific, and low socioeconomic groups. Assays for both of these targeted microorganisms are working with synthetic control materials and we are now progressing to testing the assays with microorganism cultures and clinical samples. We have demonstrated prototype equipment for the assays to our community partners and are working on incorporating their feedback into hardware and software designs. In future, we will be working with our partners to refine the assays and workflows, including delivering training to build capability across multiple organisations and types of users.

Impact

This project will help deliver improved community health and health status for remote regions and disadvantaged populations in Aotearoa New Zealand. These groups are currently hard to reach with traditional laboratory testing services due to accessibility and time to results. Developing rapid POU testing where the result can be known within an hour enables much earlier healthcare interventions which will both reduce disease burden and reduce health costs. Developing this new capability will also enable Aotearoa New Zealand to respond more quickly to future serious health outbreaks, including pandemics, by enabling rapid on-site monitoring of disease transmission. Through the project we are also making valuable new connections between researchers, clinicians, community health providers and research institutes which will be the basis for continuing collaborations on other future projects.

Beyond this project, we will work with our partners to validate and eventually deploy the new POU tests we are developing into community settings. We are already discussing further tests of interest to our partners and how capabilities can be extended across Aotearoa New Zealand and the Pacific.

In summary, we are working to develop capability in Aotearoa New Zealand for rapid POU tests to ensure that Aotearoa New Zealand's response to current, ongoing, and emerging infectious disease threats is strong, prepared and unified.